(XXX YEAR.) THE (No. 1539.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1775.

From the New-Hampshire GAZETTE,

PORTSMOUTH.

WHEN the political body is thrown into such violent convulsions, as threaten its dissolution, then should the advice and skill of the best state physicians be called in, and exerted for its recovery, and the most lenient medicines applied to correct the corroding humours, and remove every obstruction: but to write less metaphorically, it is too obvious to be denied, that every government in America is in a most disordered state, the cause of which is as obvious; I shall not for that reason take up time to explain it, but make such observations on such particular matters as regard the province of New-Hampshire, of which I am an inhabitant.

Several occurrences have lately taken place, that will most assuredly render us obnoxious to his Majesty, who, with the present disposition of parliament, may severely punish our precipitate measures, and although the actors therein were hurried into them, thro' reports truly alarming, yet as we find administration is not disposed to examine the facts, but to involve the innocent and guilty in one general ruin, the most coercive measures will be used, to call us back to our duty, and punish our indiscretion; by what ways and means we are to be censured, I am not able readily to suggest, but there is no doubt we shall soon know: I presume our trade will be distressed, and troops quartered upon us, to support the civil magistrate in the execution of such duties as he may be called upon to discharge; what will be the consequence of these means? It is not difficult to foresee---Anarchy and confusion must follow. How must the many industrious poor be supported? and from whence can supplies of provisions be procured: Our brethren in the country will withhold every necessary to induce us to leave the town, the better thereby to shew a resentment to the quartering of such troops, by which the morals of our young men, already too much depraved, will be finally ruined, and the modesty of our women prostituted to the most indignant scenes of debauchery and lewdness; I could easily paint in lively colours the dreadful consequences of quartering troops among us, but I shall forbear, from principles of good policy: It is enough to leave the judicious to think for themselves. The united wisdom of the province was never wanted so much, as at this day of American adversity---Our people are too inconsiderate and precipitate, being hurried by the violence of heated passions, they too often leave the subject in controversy, and reek their vengeance for private injuries under the false pretext of the cause of liberty, a cause too glorious, too important to be sullied by such evasive unmanly principles. By some, complaints are made against the gentlemen of the law, if any such are really aggrieved by them, yet they are not to carve out for themselves the means of redress---These gentlemen are equally subjects of law as others, and may be silenced by the court from the privileges of pleading, and that an end may be put to such complaints in future, it is to be wished, the judges, at their circuit or term courts would cause public outcry to be made, that if any of the king's subjects are aggrieved by any of the bar, they shall have a fair hearing, and their proofs examined, and in case of malfeasance, the person shall be dismissed and disrobed with disgrace. This summary way of proceeding will totally discourage unjust practises in future. Others of the people complain of taxation without representation, I acknowledge there is too much reason for this complaint, upon which the whole American dispute with Britain is supported, much may be said on this head, but as it is probable the people will soon be quieted on this matter. I shall wave it at present,---There are many other complaints too trifling to be canvassed. But does not the king complain also that we have dismantled his fort, carried away his ammunition, and who appears to redress him? Is it not our incumbent duty to do justice to him as well as ourselves? And here I leave the matter to be considered of by the legislature, what ought to be done by us, to be reinstated in that favourable view, which we should ever wish to be seen by him, as the person to whom we have sworn, avowed, and openly professed the strictest allegiance; there is only a short time left us for consideration, as we are hurried into the late measures by distressing reports, we may be considered more favourably than if we had meditated and planned the attempt, and more easily forgiven, especially if we discover a contrition for the offence.

CANDIDUS.

LONDON, *Dec.* 3.

Extract of a letter from Bayonne, Nov. 16.

"Our deputy of trade at Paris, has just sent us the copy of a memorial which the court of England has caused to be delivered to the Count de Vergennes; that orders may be given to all owners of vessels and French privateers trading to America not to approach the English colonies; as the ships of war stationed in those seas will receive orders, if they meet with them to inspect them, and if they find more merchandize and manufactures than are for the consumption of the colony to which they are bound, they will be seized, and the profit given to the vessel that takes them; that the great quantity which has already been exported to the colonies, has encouraged the Americans to persist in their disobedience, from the hopes of being always supplied in this manner; that his Britannic Majesty does not suppose the French minister would countenance this illicit trade, which proceeds only from the speculations of the merchants, who seize all opportunities of gain; and that those who shall continue this traffic may take notice, that they have been informed of his Britannic Majesty's intentions, who only requires an observance of the treaties, and would not send any orders before he had acquainted his most christian majesty, that he might signify that for all offences of this kind the loss will fall solely on those who engage in them, without becoming a national concern or disturbing the union and concord which subsists between these powers. This copy has been distributed upon change to all owners of vessels and privateers, that they might not pretend ignorance, it being confirmed by his most christian majesty."

BOSTON, *February* 16.

A correspondent has sent the following, viz.

"The Lively frigate of war, is lately stationed at Marblehead in order to harrass and impress the seafaring inhabitants of that town. It is said to be by order of admiral Greaves in consequence of the misconduct of his purser, John Williams, who had two boxes consigned him in the ship Champion Capt, Fellows, which arrived there from Great-Britain between the first of December last, and January instant. These packages, agreeable to the continental association, ought to have been reshipped, or delivered to the committee of inspection for sale, or to be stored during the continuance of the association: but instead thereof Williams utterly refused to comply with the association, and with some other inferior officers of the navy demanded the boxes, alledging that they contained candles for admiral Greaves; the committee as well as the town, thought the doings of the continent too important to be thus treated by a common purser, and the matter was so regulated that the candles were detained, until application was made to the committee in the name of the purser, for selling the same, and the association was fully complied with For this instance of fidelity in the committee is that community, consisting of about seven thousand inhabitants, mostly dependant on trade and navigation, thus arbitrarily treated; which must convince the American colonies, that had they not nobly resolved to maintain and defend their rights and liberties, the most insignificant officers of the crown would have been authorized and encouraged to insult them. The crew of the Lively are not suffered to land by the inhabitants of Marblehead, who seem determined to defend themselves against these unjustifiable proceedings."

NEW-YORK, *Feb.* 6.

Mr. GAINE,

THE following is an extract of a letter from a gentleman in London, not less remarkable for the greatness of his abilities, and the extent of his political knowledge, than a most zealous attachment to the welfare of his country. His principles of government indeed are not in the stile of modern sons of liberty, who can see the interest of the colonies placed in a state of separation from, and independence on the mother country.---His objects are more enlarged, and his patriotism derived from a purer fountain, for it is aimed at a union between both countries, upon the basis of freedom and mutual benefit.

"The inflammatory performances from this country, calculated to excite jealousies and animosity, have, I find, been but too successful among you. Nothing can be more false than the representations of hostile intentions against America, formed by the present administration. They exercise every severities which they consider necessary with reluctance; and are too prudent statesmen to be ignorant, that if America suffers, Great Britain must suffer with it. They ardently wish to adopt a liberal and firm constitution, which may preserve as well your rights as the just supremacy of parliament---a supremacy which you once universally acknowledged.---Nothing is wanting to this end, but advances on the part of the colonies to a reconciliation and thorough settlement of the dispute ---Both sides may have run into excesses; but it is certainly more becoming in America to pay a deference to its august mother, and by the first advances, give her an opportunity of relieving her children with safety to her own dignity. A petition from the assemblies will be attended with success, if their claims are accurately limited and defined, and represented with temper as well as firmness. Should it be rejected, you will have a fairer plea to the favour of moderate men in this country; should it be received, you may probably preserve both countries from misery. Your indefinite claims have much injured your cause of late. It has been heretofore argued, that the doctrine of exemption from *parliamentary taxation*, rested on principles which reached to a denial of parliamentary *legislation*: The author of the summary has avowed these consequences, and opened a wide field for future contention: as if resolved to convince Great Britain of the impossibility of satisfying America with any thing short of independance.---Great use has been made of his extravagant claims by the ministerial writers, and the arguments from them seem to be unanswerable. The instructions also drawn up by the committee of Philadelphia, in which a claim of exemption from the acts of regulation, &c. is held up, have been adduced, as evidences of the danger of admitting the foundation of parliamentary jurisdiction to be in the least impaired. The author, Mr. D-----n, seems to have forgotten his own concession. "That a "power of regulating trade is undeniably in the British "parliament, and essential to the union between a "mother country and her colonies."

Col. Amherst is appointed Lieut. Governor of Newfoundland.

Major general James Johnston is appointed to be governor of Quebec. And lieutenant general James Murray to be lieutenant governor of Minorca.

A great number of young recruits were arrived in London from the Highlands of Scotland, in order to be sent to North America.

Feb. 16. On Thursday the 2d inst. arrived here from Glasgow, the ship James, Capt. Watson, with a cargo of coals and dry goods, but as she did not arrive within the time prescribed, by the tenth article of the association, of the continental congress, a strict watch was kept by some of the sub-committee, and a number of the inhabitants, to prevent the landing of any goods in a clandestine manner; and the captain was requested to procure such necessaries as he might stand in need of, and immediately to quit the port; with this request he seemed rather unwilling to comply, and was encouraged to hope that his cargo would be landed, from the assurances of a number of ministerial tools, who promised to support him; for which purpose they employed a few vagrants to go on board the ship (which then lay in the harbour) and bring the colours on shore, with a view of raising a posse, to assist in landing the goods; but the banditti that were collected for this purpose were soon suppressed by the inhabitants, who are for supporting the association, and who began to assemble in Great numbers; upon which the captain conceiving the ship to be in danger, he sent the mate on shore, requesting assistance to get her under sail, as the seamen refused to do their duty; this request being complied with, they immediately got her under way, and fell down about four miles below the city, where she remained (attended by a boat, with a member of the committee, and some of the townsmen on board) till last Thursday night, when she was brought into the harbour again, by an officer and a number of men belonging to his Majesty's ship King Fisher, which ship, it is supposed, came down from Turtle-bay, expressly for the purpose of protecting her, and intimidating the inhabitants.

As soon as it was known that the ship was coming up again, the people were greatly exasperated, began to assemble together in great numbers, and immediately went to the captain's lodgings, seized him, and after conducting him through many of the principal streets, attended by a prodigious concourse of people, he was, without suffering the least hurt or injury, put on board a boat, with some hands to row him, and sent off: his ship then lying at anchor, two miles below the town, he went on board the man of war, which lay in the harbour, where his ship did not arrive till the next morning, when she came to anchor under the cannon of the King Fisher. In this situation matters remained till Saturday morning, when they began to unmoor the ship, intending to get under sail, but were prevented by the lieutenant of the man of war, who hailed the ship, and demanded if they had any clearance, and on being answered in the negative, he ordered them not to unmoor;—this obstruction greatly exasperated a number of people that were collected together to see her get under sail, who went immediately in quest of the captain of the King Fisher, to know by what authority he detained the ship, but they could not meet with him; he was however soon waited upon by one of the gentlemen to whom she was addressed: and on being informed of the lieutenant's conduct, and asked his reasons for detaining her, he replied that he had nothing to do with her, and immediately gave orders to the lieutenant to let her pass; she accordingly got under sail the next morning about 10 o'clock, accompanied by a boat, with two of the committee, and a number of inhabitants on board; which boat (after taking out the pilot) left her at 2 o'clock, P. M. about a league to the southward of Sandy-Hook with a fresh gale, and at half past 4 o'clock P. M. she was out of sight—as every artifice has been used, and a variety of manœuvres put in practice (by a set of ministerial hirelings) in order to get the cargo of the above mentioned ship landed, it must give real pleasure to every lover of his country, to observe, that the good people of this city are determined to support the association of the general congress, at all events.

CHARLES-TOWN, *(South-Carolina,) Jan.* 26.

The speech of his honour William Bull, Esq; lieutenant governor and commander in chief, in and over his majesty's said province, to the general assembly, met at Charlestown, on Tuesday, Jan. 24th, 1775.

Honourable gentlemen of his majesty's council, Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the assembly,

I HAVE nothing in command from the King to lay before you, or relative to the late apprehensions of a war with the Creek Indians, but that they have made satisfaction for the outrages committed in Georgia last winter, and that peace trade and confidence are re-established with them. As this is the usual season of the year for dispatching the public business in general assembly, I recommend to you to revive and continue such of our laws as are expired or near expiring, which have been found necessary and beneficial in preserving the good order and tranquility, and promoting the prosperity of the province. During the course of your sitting, I shall not fail to propose any matters, as occasion may require, which appear to me to merit your attention.

Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the assembly,

The public faith of this province is so fundamentally engaged to maintain several branches of our establishments, at present supported out of the produce of the general duty-fund, that I cannot admit of the least doubt with myself of your paying the earliest and strict-

[illegible] accounts of the public debts incurred during the last year, and desire you to make effectual provision for the same.

Honourable gentlemen of his majesty's council, Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the assembly.

A warm sense of my duty to the king, and zeal for the service of this his majesty's province, ever guide and animate my actions. Happy shall I be, under such auspicious direction, to concur with you in any measures, which after mature deliberation shall be thought necessary to promote the welfare of this country.

January 24th, 1775. WILLIAM BULL.

To the honourable WILLIAM BULL, *Esq; lieutenant governor and commander in chief in and over his majesty's said province.*

The humble address of the upper house of assembly.

May it please your honour,

WE his majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the upper house of assembly, beg leave to return thanks to your honour, for the speech delivered yesterday to both houses of assembly.

Fully convinced of what importance it is to this country to maintain a good correspondence with the neighbouring Indians, we most heartily rejoice that the satisfaction made by the Creek nation, for the outrages by them committed in Georgia, has re-established peace, trade and confidence with that people, and happily put an end to all apprehensions of a war with them.

The prosperity of the province, and the preservation of tranquility and good order, are objects of the highest importance and most general concern. Your honour may rest assured, that points, so essential to the public happiness, cannot fail to excite all our diligence and zeal; and that nothing shall be wanting on our parts, to revive and continue such temporary laws as, from experience, have been found beneficial or necessary for the important purposes to which they relate.

Satisfied as we are, that from long experience in government, your honour has acquired a thorough knowledge of the true interests of this country, we beg leave to assure you, that such matters as you think proper, in the course of the session, to propose to us, shall be treated with every possible mark of attention and respect.

Actuated by the same principles of loyalty and duty to our most gracious sovereign, that animate your honour, and inspired with the like zeal for the welfare of this his province, we shall be ready, upon all occasions, most heartily to concur with you in every measure which may tend to the honour of the king, and to advance the interest and happiness of his subjects in this province.

By order of the house, THOMAS SKOTTOWE.

In the upper house of assembly, January 25, 1775.

The LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR's answer.

Honourable gentlemen.

I GIVE you my hearty thanks for this address. The readiness you are pleased to express of paying attention to the matters I already have or hereafter may recommend to you, of giving your concurrence to any measures that may tend to the honour of the king, and advance the interest and happiness of this province, becomes loyal subjects and good citizens, and is very acceptable to me.

January 26th, 1775. WILLIAM BULL.

To the honourable WILLIAM BULL, *Esq; lieutenant governor and commander in chief in and over this his majesty's colony of* SOUTH-CAROLINA.

The humble address of the commons house of assembly of the said province.

May it please your honour,

WE his majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons house of assembly, return your honour our thanks for your speech delivered in general assembly on Tuesday last.

We are unable to express our surprize and concern at your honour's informing us, that you have nothing in command from the king to lay before us, especially as our agent had long ago acquainted our speaker, that the additional instruction which has so often been complained of and remonstrated against, had been withheld in the instructions made out to the new appointed governor. This cruel neglect, as well of your honour, as of this colony, we cannot but consider as an aggravation of the many oppressive acts of the present ministry: indeed it leaves little room to hope that our deliberations will be of much advantage to the colony, as all the former obstructions to public business seem to remain in full force.

We are glad to hear that peace is restored between the colony of Georgia and the Creek Indians, and hope that it is established on such just and equitable terms as can alone insure its continuance.

We assure your honour, that we are met with the most sincere and hearty disposition to promote the public good, that we will take it into immediate consideration what laws ought to be revived and continued, and shall always pay due regard to your honour's recommendation.

Your honour may depend that the representatives of the people are, as they always have been, disposed to make the necessary provision for payment of the debts and support of the public credit, and that they will adopt such measures for those good purposes, as appear to them most effectual and most consistent with the interest of the colony

While duty to the king, and zeal for the service of this colony guide and animate your honour's actions, the utmost assistance and support of the house will be due and shall never be wanting to your honour.

By order of the house,
RAWLINS LOWNDES, speaker.

In the Commons House of Assembly, the 26th of January, 1775.

The LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR's Answer.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen,

I RETURN you my thanks for this address, which assures me that you are come together with sincere and hearty dispositions to promote the public good, which I hope by your prudent conduct will be happily attained.

King's Bench, [illegible] and I confide in his majesty's wisdom, that when he shall be pleased to have any variation made in those with which I am at present instructed, his royal pleasure will be transmitted to me by his ministers, in the most proper time and manner.

January 26, 1775. WILLIAM BULL.

On Monday last put in here in distress, having sprung a leak, the snow Swallow, John M'Clea, master, of and from Savannah in Georgia, for London, with a cargo of 415 barrels of rice, 97 casks of indigo, 12 hogsheads of deerskins, &c. And on Wednesday put in here in distress having likewise sprung a leak, the ship Dutchess of Gordon, belonging to New-York, Andrew Campbell, master, from Montego-bay in Jamaica, having on board 207 hogsheads and 14 tierces of sugar, 66 hogsheads of rum, 1049 bags of pimento, some fustick and other articles.

ANNANOLIS.

CUSTOM-HOUSE.

ENTERED.

Schooner Hope, George Southward, from Salem.
Schooner Polly, Watson Crosby, from Grenada.
Schooner Betsey, Isaac Snow, from St. Croix.
Brig Baltimore, Jonathan Clark, from Barbados.
Brig Sally, William Maat, from Bristol.
Sloop Polly, John White, from Virginia.
Brig Henry and Joseph, Henry Tickell, from Liverpool.

CLEARED.

Brig Nancy, Patrick Cunningham, for Falmouth.
Brig Success, John Wright, for Portsmouth.
Brig Escape, Robert Callow, for Milford.
Schooner Ninety-Two, Nathaniel Cook, for Salem.

THE trustees impowered to have a new church built in the city of Annapolis, having contracted for materials, are now ready to treat with workmen; any stone-masons, bricklayers, or carpenters, that are inclined to undertake the work, are desired to apply and deliver their proposals to Mr. Thomas Hyde in Annapolis, one of the trustees. 1 6H

Calvert county, January 14, 1775.

WHEREAS Elizabeth the wife of the subscriber, did in his absence, elope from his house: this is therefore to forewarn all persons from trusting her, on his account, as he will pay no debts of her contracting after the date hereof.

w 3 1 0 7/. ABRAHAM RHODES, sen.

WHEREAS the subscriber has repeatedly in a public and private manner, earnestly but unsuccessfully solicited a payment of all sums of money that are due to him, by bond, note, or on open account; he now gives this further and last notice, that every debt which shall not be discharged by the 21st day of April next, or otherwise settled to his satisfaction by that day, will be put into a lawyer's hands, to be recovered by suits at law.

JOSEPH SELBY. 1

BEING indebted to several gentlemen for large sums of money, and called upon for payment, which just request I am unable to comply with, on account of my customers being so very backward in paying off their respective balances long due. In a view of making a collection to discharge my debts, have rented out my houses, but find no notice is taken of my advertising, or even asking for money due ever since I kept house at Queen-Anne. I now give this as the last notice in this way, that I expect every person indebted to me in any county in Maryland, for any dealings whatever, will contrive a settlement immediately; and for payment I will take corn, wheat, rye, or oats, delivered at Queen-Anne, or credit with any of the merchants there. Those who do not comply with the above by the 20th of March, may depend I will give their accounts into the hands of the sheriffs or constables, without respect to any person, which will be expensive to them, and disagreeable to their humble servant, 1 17 ALEXANDER BURRELL.

N. B. I hope my creditors will give me some farther indulgence as they may be assured no diligence shall be wanted to make the speediest payments.

Annapolis Feb 25, 1775.

WHEREAS numbers of the inhabitants of Anne-Arundel county, stand indebted to the subscriber for quit rents which became due on the 29th day of September last. This is therefore to inform such of them that neglect or refuse to pay their several respective balances at or before the 25th day of March next, ensuing, that I shall be obliged to take such steps as the law points out for the recovery of the same.

WILLIAM [illegible]OKE, farmer. 1

LYING and being in Dorchester county, on the head of Fishing creek, which issueth out of Little Choptank river; the lot of ground where Mr. Landon Ball lately lived and kept store, to be let out on yearly rent; the house and store-house, kitching and granery, with a fine large garden, several other conveniences thereto belonging, it being the most public lumber landing in those parts. Any person inclinable to purchase, may know the terms, by applying to Mr. Nicholas Mace, near the premises. 1 X 8 5/.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE tract of land, lying in the upper part of Anne-Arundel county, and is a fine range for stock, adjoining the subscriber's plantation, containing between five and six hundred acres, and lays about 24 miles from Elk-Ridge landing, and Bladensburgh; the soil of this land is good and light, and abounds much in fine meadow, some already improved and in Timothy: the buildings are a dwelling-house and kitchen, two good tobacco-houses, and some other out houses; there is also two apple orchards on the land: immediate possession will be given to the purchaser. For title and terms of payment, apply to w 3 1 0 7/. JOHN WAYMAN.

STANDS in high perfection for covering mares this season in Charles county, at the subscriber's plantation on Potowmack, near Cedar Point, at twenty shillings the leap, a guinea the season, or two guineas insurance if the money be paid within four weeks after the first day the mare is put to the horse; if it be not paid in that time, it will be a guinea and a half the season, and three guineas insurance: for the convenience of those near me who send mares, I will take corn or wheat delivered at my house or landing at the market prices, from such as have it not in their power to pay money. Smiling Tom is 15 hands and almost a half high, a fine chestnut, beautifully marked, remarkable for fleetness and getting fine colts, and of such a form, that seeing the horse is his best recommendation. His pedigree and performances are inferior to none in America, and may be seen by applying to the subscriber.

It may not be amiss to inform the public, that after this season Smiling Tom will not cover at less than one guinea the leap, three guineas the season and for insurance, except such mares as insure this season and prove not with foal, such may be sent again every season until they prove with foal, as no money will be returned. I have as good pasturage for mares as any in America at 2s 6d per week, and all imaginable care shall be taken of them, but will not be answerable for any that may get away, and as no road or path goes even through my pasture, which is almost surrounded with water, there is little or no danger of it.

w 3 1 0 9/. J. SMYTH.

TO be rented for this season on reasonable terms, three or four valuable fishing landings, on Potowmack river, opposite to Alexandria; now in the possession of Mrs. Verlinda Fraser. Application to be made to me, 4 w 1 ALLEN BOWIE.

Baltimore, February 28, 1775.

FOR SALE,

THE corner water lot at Fell's Point, lying on Bond and Thame's streets, opposite the London coffee-house, with the wharf, granaries, and dwelling house, at present occupied by Mr. George James. The lot is 120 feet front on the street, and the wharf 120 feet front on the water, well filled in and secured, and has 17 feet water at a common tide. The granaries, to which a ship may lay her side and take in her whole cargo, hold 14,000 bushels, and are strong well built framed houses. The dwelling-house has good cellars, and is sufficient for a small family, with a pump of water at the door; the whole well fenced in. A purchaser may have any reasonable credit, and know the terms, by applying to tf 1

JAMES CHRISTIE, jun. or
ROBERT CHRISTIE, jun.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, a negro man, by the name of Sam, who says he belongs to Burr Jackson, living in Baltimore county, about fourteen miles from Baltimore town: he is a likely fellow, about 5 feet 11 inches high, appears to be about 25 years of age; his cloathing a negro cotton jacket and breeches, an old osnabrig shirt, country knit stockings, shoes and hat. His master is desired to pay charges, and take him away. 4 w 1

WILLIAM HANSON, sheriff.

Rock-Hall, January 23, 1775.

THIS is to inform the public and my friends in general, that I have removed from Talbot county, house where I formerly kept tavern, to Rock-Hall ferry, which was formerly kept by Mr. Basil Wheeler, but of late by Mr. William Dunn, where I propose to keep the best boats and hands and every thing necessary for the accommodation of travellers; those who chuse to favour me with their custom, may depend on the best usage, from the public's most humble servant, 4 ISAAC GREENTREE.

Annapolis, January 24, 1775.

To be sold by the subscriber, living in West-street, near the town-gate,

A QUANTITY of superfine and second flour, Madeira wine, old spirit and West-India rum; all which he will sell by wholesale or retail, for ready money only. He likewise has the time of a few indented servants to dispose of, among which is an excellent house carpenter and joiner, and a man who is well acquainted with the military discipline, and is capable of instructing any number of men to go through all the exercise, and can play on the fife 4 w

4 X WILLIAM WHETCROFT.

FIFTEEN DOLLARS REWARD,

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Prince George's county, near Piscataway, on the 5th of November last, a likely negro fellow, named Valentine, 22 years of age, about five feet ten inches high; had on an osnabrig coat, old cotton waistcoat without sleeves, old wilton breeches, old thread stockings, a pair of shoes, and plain brass buckles. Whoever secures the fellow so that his master gets him again, shall receive ten dollars, and if brought home, the above reward.

4 w 4 X JAMES HAWKINS.

TWELVE DOLLARS REWARD.

WHEREAS there was stolen out of the subscriber's stable, at his plantation, about seven miles from Annapolis, on the road from thence to Baltimore, on the night betwixt the 9th and 10th of December last, a likely bright bay gelding, about fifteen hands high, with a black mane and tail, the mane remarkably thin, particularly in the middle; he trots well, and having been used principally in a carriage, the colour of the hair on his breast will shew the marks of the collar; excepting a few straggling hairs on his forehead, as if an attempt had been made to give him a star there, and a small saddle mark, he hath no white hair upon him; he hath no mark of a branding iron on him; he had on four shoes when he was stolen, and hath very broad flat hoofs. Whoever will apprehend the thief, shall on his conviction, receive a reward of eight dollars, or for the horse four dollars, with reasonable charges if brought from a distance, paid by tf 6 U. SCOTT.

PROPOSALS

FOR PRINTING BY SUBSCRIPTION,

four pages folio, on a good letter, and demy paper, in size and quality, equal to the *Pennsylvania Gazette*, or *Journal*,

THE PENNSYLVANIA MERCURY, AND UNIVERSAL ADVERTISER.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the public, that from the solicitation and encouragement of several gentlemen of reputation, they have entered into a co-partnership, for the purpose of printing a news-paper, to be published weekly on Saturday, which they engage to do, on the most free and impartial principles, consistent with the strictest secrecy and decorum—Upon those principles; and those only, they take the liberty of requesting the patronage of the public, assuring them that the utmost exertion of their abilities and industry in every particular will be used to make the Pennsylvania Mercury and Universal Advertiser, as improving, instructive, and entertaining as possible. For this purpose they intend giving their readers a relation of the most remarkable and important occurrences, foreign and domestic, collected from the magazines and papers in Europe and America, as well as from other sources, having a particular regard to such matters, as shall most intimately relate to the welfare of the colonies.—To communicate advertisements of every kind—the arrival and departure of ships—all interesting marine intelligence—improvements in agriculture, &c. &c, with such ingenious observations as may tend to the entertainment of the public—nor shall a place be wanting for judicious remarks, essays, moral, historical, political, geographical, and poetical of the learned of both sexes, in this and the neighbouring provinces, whose general assistance is earnestly requested, and to whom the paper shall be ever free, and their productions received with gratitude—fully intending to establish a correspondence in Europe, the several colonies in America, and islands in the West-Indies. They hope that all due encouragement will be given to so laudable an undertaking, and therefore wish to prosecute their design, so soon as a number of subscribers are procured sufficient barely to support the expence, relying on the kindness of the public, for further encouragement, as their performance shall appear to deserve it.

Those ladies and gentlemen, who may please to favour us with their subscriptions, shall (in the city, district of Southwark, and northern liberties) have their papers handed to them, at their respective houses, or if in the country, forwarded by the first opportunity—nor shall any care be wanting, to transmit them to the most distant customers, with all the expedition possible.—the rates of the paper and advertisements will be the same with those now printed in this city—all advertisements shall be inserted in order as they come in, and shall appear in a fair and conspicuous manner—and as it is our wish, to give the most perfect satisfaction, our best endeavours shall not be wanting to make the paper as compleat as possible, nor shall any partial motives, whatsoever, induce us to swerve from the assurances we now give the public.

Together with a publication of the Pennsylvania Mercury and Universal Advertiser, we propose carrying on the printing business, in a correct, careful, and diligent manner; and any person that may please to employ us, will be attended to with respect and fidelity.

Subscriptions for the Pennsylvania Mercury, and Universal Advertiser, will be taken in by the publishers, at their respective houses; by Anne Catharine Green, at Annapolis; by Mr. John Airey, at the Post-Office, Philadelphia, and by several other gentlemen in this and the neighbouring colonies, to whom subscription papers will be immediately dispatched for that purpose.

We are respectfully the public's
Most obedient friends and servants
ENOCH STORY,
DANIEL HUMPHREYS, son of Joshua.

FIFTY SHILLINGS REWARD,

STRAYED or stolen on the seventh of January last, from the plantation of Mr. Notley Young, near Gorge-town, a sorrel gelding, about 15 hands high, aged; has a switch tail, a star and narrow blaze on his face, and one hind footlock a little white; his brand, if any not known: he is strong made, paces and moves awkwardly. He was bought about two years ago by Patrick Murray, of Roger's Hart in Conococheague settlement, and is supposed if not stolen, to have strayed that way. Whoever brings him back to the above gentleman's plantation, or to the subscriber's on Patuxent, near Belair, Prince George's county, will be entitled to the above reward, from w 5
JOHN ASHTON.

Baltimore, January 31, 1775.

GERMAN osnabrigs, by the piece or bale, and best London bottled wired porter, in casks of six dozen each, to be sold for ready money only, by
JAMES CHRISTIE, jun.

Patowmack, February 10, 1775.

THE noted horse Regulus, formerly the property of Mr. William Beanes—stands this season at my plantation near Piscaway, at thirty shillings a mare the season, or fifteen shillings a leap.—Those gentlemen that choose to send their mares, may depend on their being well taken care of, as I have exceeding good pasturage for them. The money will be expected when the mares are taken away. 5 w
WILLIAM LYLES, jun.

THERE is at the plantation of Henry Giles, living near Herring creek meeting, taken up as a stray, a black mare, about 12 hands high, has no perceivable mark about her, and trots. The owner may have her again, on proving his property, and paying charges.

THOMAS PRYSE,

COACH-MAKER, from LONDON.

TAKES this method to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has removed his shop from the town-gate, to the house opposite doctor Steuarts, near the stadt-house, where he carries on the said business in all its various branches, as he has supplied himself with exceeding good workmen from London; as also every article of the best sort to a very great amount, consisting of several sets of the best steel springs, spring curtains for coach and chariot, brass boxes, &c. &c. He has also a very good coach and herold painter, that undertakes painting of coaches, chariots, or chairs, either in cyphers, festoons of flowers, or coats of arms, with varnishing, gilding, or japaning, in the neatest and best manner, and at the most reasonable rates: those ladies and gentlemen that chuse to favour him with their custom in any of the above branches, may rest assured, that his constant endeavours shall be to give general satisfaction to those that please to employ him, and the favour greatfully acknowledged, by the public's most humble servant,
THOMAS PRYSE.

N. B. I still continue the saddling and harness-making business as usual, and hope for encouragement from the public: to be sold as above, a quantity of saddlers orrace, and trenge: irth wibs, &c. &c. tf

---

WHEREAS Mr. Gerard Henry Schirr, a native of the city of Hamburg, left London some time in the year 1758, being engaged in the service of Mr. Daniel Wolstenholme, then agent for the payment of his majesty's troops at Annapolis, in Maryland; and the said Gerard Henry Schirr, upon arriving at Annapolis, lodged with one Mr. William Clajon, a schoolmaster, living at Annapolis, and afterwards lived with one Mr. Joan Thompson, sen. also resident at Annapolis aforesaid And in the year 1759 he wrote to England, and desired letters to be directed to him, at Mr. John Bullen's, and Mr. Jonas Green's, Postmaster at Annapolis aforesaid. And whereas no letters have been received from the said Gerard Henry Schirr since that time, nor is it known whether he be living or dead; therefore if any person can give information whether the said Gerard Henry Schirr be now living or dead, if living, where now resident, and may be wrote to, or if dead, at what time and place he died, and whether single or married, and if married, whether he left any or how many children, as something may be heard of greatly to his or their advantage, by applying to 6 w
DANIEL STEPHENSON.

This day is published, by WILLIAM AIKMAN, bookseller and stationer, Annapolis, in two large volumes, handsomely bound and titled, price 16 s. currency,

A NEW VOYAGE ROUND THE WORLD, in the years 1768, 1769, 1770, and 1771, undertaken by Capt. James Cook in the ship Endeavour, drawn from his own journal, and from the papers of Joseph Banks, Esq; and published by order of the lords of the admiralty, by JOHN HAWKESWORTH, L. L. D. with cuts, and a map of the whole navigation.—This edition of Cook's voyages contains the whole of the second and third volumes of Hawkesworth's collection of voyages, which was published in London in three volumes, and sold for three guineas.—Where may be had, Poor Will's Almanack for 1775, price 8 d. and Father Abraham's pocket Almanack, interleaved with writing paper, price 1 s.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS REWARD.

WHEREAS a Negro fellow of mine, named Will, is now run away, for having resisted his overseer, by throwing him down, throatling him and striking him sundry times with his fist, it is therefore to be hoped that as he has been guilty of so flagitious a crime that all masters of negroes and servants will encourage the taking of him, by promising them the above reward, which I will pay, either upon his being brought home or his being secured in any gaol within this province: it cannot be doubted but all overseers will be vigilant on this occasion: He is about five feet ten inches high, a very stout likely fellow, with large full eyes; had on old cotton breeches, new shoes, and yarn stockings, which are of a thread of black and a thread of white, an osnabrig shirt: his other cloaths he left behind. He has an extensive acquaintance in and about Annapolis. There were two more fellows went off at the same time for refusing to assist their overseer, one named Will Jack and the other Sam, had on fearnought jackets, &c. for each of them I will give twenty shillings. tf
ROBERT TYLER.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Chestertown, Kent county, in the province of Maryland, on the 27th day of January last, an indented servant man, named John Daime, by trade a sawyer and rough carpenter: he is about 5 feet 8 inches high, and wears short light hair, of a fair complexion, round shouldered, and stoops when he walks, he speaks something in the west of England dialect. He had on, and took with him, an old claret coloured surtout coat, a home-spun close-bodied light brown ditto, which is much too large for him, a short flannel quilted waistcoat, two osnabrig shirts, a pair of good buckskin breeches, with a pair of plain yellow knee buckles, two pair of yarn stockings, the one pair white, the other brown, and pretty good shoes and shoe buckles; he can write a pretty good hand, and it is probable he will forge a discharge from Capt. Samuel Nicholson, (to whom he indented himself) upon the counter part of his indenture. Whoever secures him in any jail so that he may be had again, shall receive the above reward, and if brought home, reasonable charges will be paid, by 8 w
J. NICHOLSON, jun.

For PRINTING by SUBSCRIPTION,

THE

POCKET ASSISTANT.

CONTAINING

1. A CONCISE table for buying and selling any commodity, shewing the amount of any quantity from 1, to 3000 ells, yards, pounds, ounces, &c. &c. at any rate, from 1 farthing, to 6 pounds.

2. Comprehensive tables of simple interest, shewing at one view, the interest of any sum of money, from 1 farthing, to 1000 pounds; and for any time, from 1 day to 365, from 1 month to 11, and from one year to 10, at 5 and 6 per cent. per annum.

3. A table of time, shewing the number of days between any two in the year, or from any day in one year, to any in the succeeding year.

4. Tables of exchange, shewing the amount of any sum of money, currency from 1 farthing, to 1000 pounds, reduced into sterling; and the amount of the like sum sterling, reduced into currency, at any rate of exchange, from 130, to 175 per cent.

Accurately calculated, and carefully examined, peculiarly for the use of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania.

BY

THOMAS BALL,

SCHOOLMASTER AT ANNAPOLIS.

CONDITIONS.

1. That the work will be printed in one small volume duodecimo, upon good paper, neatly bound in sheep skin.

2. That the price to the subscribers will be one dollar, to be paid upon delivery of the book.

Such gentlemen and ladies who are inclined to encourage the work, are desired to favour the author with their names as soon as possible, as he is desirous of prosecuting the publication with expedition.

Subscriptions are taken in at Mr. Aikman's, at the Printing-Office, the Coffee-house, Mr. M'Hard's, Mr. John Bali's, Mr. Middleton's, Mr. Reynolds's, Mr. Faris's, the widow Johnson's, and Mr. Garretson's.

Annapolis, 22 Feb. 1775.

To Mr. Thomas Ball,

SIR,

WE have perused the manuscript copies of your book, called the Pocket Assistant; and think it a work of public utility. From the testimony of the gentleman who examined the copies, we are induced to believe it accurately calculated; we, therefore, wish you success in the publication of it, and are

Sir,

Your very humble servants,

THO. BROOKE HODGKIN, WILLIAM ROOKE,
JOHN DAVIDSON, JOHN H. MACCUBBIN,
THO. HYDE, THO. GASSAWAY, jun
JAMES WILLIAMS, WILLIAM WILKINS,
JOSEPH WILLIAMS,

To be sold at Belair, in Prince George's county, on Monday the third day of April next,

SEVERAL negro men, women and children, also horses, cows, sheep and other stock; a variety of housho'd furniture, and plantation utensils, being part of the effate which belonged to Col. Tasker. Credit will be given to the purchasers of more than the value of twenty pounds sterling, on their giving bond with security, if required. ts

---

Annapolis, March 1, 1775.

To be sold at public vendue, for ready money, at the subscriber's house, on Wednesday the 15th instant,

SOME healthy servants, by trade tailors, and for 4, 5, and 6 years; Likewise sundry kinds of household furniture. w 2
ROBERT WINTER.

N. B. The house to be let. For particulars apply to the subscriber.

January 25, 1775.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed, will be sold to the highest bidder, on Wednesday the 14th day of March next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

A LOT of land lying in the city of Annapolis, distinguished by the number 71, on which are a good brick house and other valuable improvements, now in the occupation of Mr. John Ball, innholder. This lot is subject to an incumbrance in the loan-office of £225 sterling. The sale to be on the premises. 6 w
WILLIAM NOKE, sheriff.

Annapolis, 23 Feb. 1775.

THE subscriber takes this opportunity to inform the public, that the joint dealings between Mr. Robert Armstrong and him, in the trade of chandlers and soap-boilers, were by mutual consent, before proper witnesses (prior to Mr. Armstrong's leaving this city) dissolved; therefore all persons who have any demands, are hereby desired to bring in their accounts, in order that they may be adjusted; and it is hoped that such persons who are indebted, on account of the said joint dealings, will, without further notice, discharge the same. 3 w
W. HOWARD.

I DO hereby forewarn all persons from dragging seans or nets in the Otter pond, of the Seven Mounts. 3 w
W. WORTHINGTON.

February 21, 1775.

THE creditors of the Rev. John Macpherson, are desired to meet at Port-Tobacco on the 17th day of March next, to receive their dividend of what money (belonging to said Macpherson) may then be in the hands of w 3
GEORGE DENT,
JOSIAS HAWKINS,
SAMUEL LOVE,
Trustees.

RAN away last night from the subscriber, living on Snowden's manor, Frederick county, Maryland, an Irish servant man, by trade a tailor, he talks stammering and in the Irish dialect; he is about five feet four inches high, of a fair complexion, short yellow hair, a wide mouth, and fond of chewing tobacco: he had on, and took with him, a felt hat cut in the fantail fashion, a red bath coat and waistcoat, a brown cloth waistcoat newly turned, a pair of light coloured German serge breeches, a pair of gray worsted stockings, and a pair of common fall shoes, two Irish linen shirts, a Holland stock with a steel buckle in it, a red cloth pocket-book with about twenty shillings, and several remnants of superfine broad cloth; it is probable he hath a fellows indenture and discharge that hath been lately free in the same neighbourhood, or hath got some evil disposed person to forge him a pass, as he is no scholar himself. Whoever secures the said servant in any jail, so that I may get him again, shall be entitled to five pounds reward, and if brought home, reasonable charges paid, by w 4

JEREMIAH DUCKER.

4 X

Neabsco Furnace, January 28, 1775.

ANY gentleman inclinable to purchase a quantity of superfine burr flour, may by applying to the subscriber, at the Hon. John Tayloe's, Neabsco Furnace, be supplied with any number of barrels from one hundred to one thousand on a few days notice, at any time between this date and the first of March. I will engage to deliver the flour on board of the Pinchaven craft, at my own landing on Patowmack river, or in the river Patuxent, or Potapsco, on reasonable terms. I will venture to say, that the quality of my flour is equal to any, and preferable to most that is made on the continent. 3 w 3 X

THO. LAWSON.

THERE is at the plantation of Richard Skagg, near John Bealls, taken up as a stray, a sorrel horse, about 14 and a half hands high, and about 9 years old, has not any brand, has a ball face, and his off hind foot white. The owner may have him again, on proving his property, and paying charges. 2 w 3

Prince George's county, February 8, 1775.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, an Irish woman, who says her name is Ally Henry, and that she is a free woman, and was on her way to Hog Island, in Virginia, where she says she has two brothers, named Arthur and John Henry: she is a short thich woman, about 4 feet 8 inches high, light brown hair, fresh complexion, her right eye much hurt (as she says by the small pox) and it appears so, and some pock-pits in her face: has on an old black tammy or stuff gown, an old dark brown camblet petticoat, light coloured worsted hose, and a pair of black calimanco shoes much worn, a white Barcelona handkerchief, and a white chip hat with white ribbon round the crown of it: she has a bundle with her of sundry other women's small cloaths. Amongst which was found a letter signed Dominick Hughs, directed to Alexander M'Donald, near Dunganan, in Ireland, giving an account of the said Hughs, his arrival at Philadelphia, and that he lived with Isaac Kearry, (perhaps Carey) in Mondam, or Moridam township, East New-Jersey. Her master (if she has one) is desired to pay charges, and take her from 4 w 2

FRANK LEEKE, sheriff.

This day is published by William Aikman, bookseller and stationer, Annapolis, in one handsome pocket volume, price 4s. bound and titled, and a few copies thrown off on a superfine writing paper, elegantly bound and gilt, price 5s. 6d.

A FATHER'S legacy to his daughters, by the late celebrated Dr. Gregory. This new performance was so much admired in London, that the original publisher sold off the first impression, consisting of 5000 copies, in the course of three weeks.

William Aikman has lately imported a large collection of the best English authors, amongst which are, Hume's history of England, 8 vols. last edition. Macauly's history of ditto, 5 vols. Goldsmith's history of ditto, 4 vols. Smollet's history of ditto, with the continuation, 16 vols. Lord Littleton's history of Henry the 2d, 6 vols. Entick's history of the late war, 5 vols. Hooke's Roman history, 11 vols. Bolinbrooke's philosophical works, 5 vols. Burn's justice of the peace, 4 vols. last edition. Blackstone's commentaries, 4 vols. Leland's history of Ireland, 4 vols. Hanway's travels, 2 vols. 4to. London medical essays, 4 vols. Macbridge's practice of physic, 4to. Wyldes, Loves, and Wilson's surveying. Turkish spy, 8 vols. Connoisseur, Adventurer, World, Idler, Preceptor, full of plates, &c. &c. &c.

Catalogues of the books to be had at his shop gratis. 3

Subscriptions taken in for Pennsylvania magazine--price 1s. each number to be paid upon delivery. The first number for January is now published, and ready to be delivered.

In a few weeks will be published by W. Aikman, in 4 handsome vols. 12mo. price 24s. bound, lord Chesterfield's letters to his son, on the art of pleasing. 5 w.

January 16 1775.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in St. Mary's county, Maryland, on the 4th of November last, a mulatto man slave, named Tom, about fifty years of age, five feet nine or ten inches high, by trade a carpenter and cooper; he formerly did belong to Philip Key, Esq; at which time he resided chiefly at Bladd's creek, and it is supposed that he is now harboured somewhere in that neighbourhood: one of his knees is swelled, which causes him to limp. He has lost the fore finger of his left hand, it was cut off some years ago: had with him many good cloaths of different sorts, and a set of carpenter's tools; he is an artful deceitful villain, and may endeavour to pass for a free man. Whoever secures him in such a manner that I may have him again, shall receive six dollars reward, and if brought home, reasonable charges paid, by tf 5

JAMES JORDAN.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Charlestown, on the second of this instant, a likely well made young negro man, named Walle, he is about 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high: had on, when he went away, a white kersey jacket, black and white striped kersey breeches, new osnabrig shirt, small round hat bound with black; he is remarkable for a large tongue, and lisps when he speaks; he is now on the Western shore, and it is thought he is proceeding downwards, has been in the service of some person in Annapolis. Whoever takes up and secures said negro in any of his majesty's jails, shall receive three pounds, or five pounds reward if brought to his master.

EDWARD WORRELL.

N. B. The negro was lately the property of Mr. Hughwell, on the Western shore. 2 X

Post Office, Annapolis, Sept. 3d, 1774.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a rider will set off from this office every Monday morning at nine o'clock for Baltimore, where he meets the mails from the northward, and will return early on Tuesday. And on Friday the mails from the northward and southward come in as usual, and are dispatched the same evening. 20

ANTHONY STEWART, D. P. M.

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.

Rock-Creek, Frederick county, August 3, 1774.

RAN away last night from the subscriber, a convict servant man named Joseph Barker, an Englishman, about 25 years of age; he is a well looking fellow, of a ruddy complexion, about 5 feet 10 inches high: had on and took with him, a reddish coloured mixed broad-cloth coat with a velvet cape, two white flannel short jackets bound with red, two pair of nankeen breeches, a pair of old leather breeches, a pair of old worsted stockings, a pair of thread ditto, old shoes, and a felt hat. He wears his own dark hair tied behind. It is supposed he is gone in company with some other man unknown to me, as I have missed two horses out of my pasture, one of which is a large sorrel, about 15 hands high, paces naturally; the other a chesnut sorrel, about 14 hands and a half high, paces, trots, and gallops; he is low before, crest fallen, and has a short scanty tail; the horses are both shod before. The man took with him a half worn saddle and curb bridle; one of the staples is gone off the fore part of the saddle on the near side. Whoever takes up said servant and brings him home to the subscriber, shall have, if taken 30 miles from home, 10 dollars, and 5 pounds for the other man and the two horses, and so in proportion for a greater distance for the servant and horses, paid by 22 tf X

RICHARD CRABB.

ISAAC COX of Hampshire county, Virginia, having made over unto me all his estate, both real, personal, and debts, particularly one tract of land, containing seventy-eight acres, whereon he lately dwelt, on which tract is a saw-mill, and grist-mill, dwellings, and other improvements; one other tract of land near to the above, containing two hundred and fourteen acres, formerly granted by Thomas lord Fairfax to John Critton, by deed dated the 12th of January, 1768, and afterwards purchased by the said Isaac Cox by deed, said to be recorded in Hampshire county court records; also a certain bond now in my possession, granted by the said John Critten, bearing date the 6th day of June, 1772, for the conveyance for value received, of one other tract of land, containing 266 acres, lying at the east end of the spring Gap Mountain, adjoining Lawrence Hoffet, and near unto the two other tracts.

I have therefore thought proper to give notice of the said conveyance, and that I shall set up the said lands to sale to the highest bidder, at Hampshire court-house, in the town of Romney, on Wednesday, in the court week in March next. Twelve months credit will be allowed to the purchasers, if desired, paying interest, and giving security. All persons indebted to him, or have effects of his in their hands, are desired to attend on that day, and make payment and restitution. 4 w 4 X

STEPHEN WEST.

BAY BOLTON,

A FULL blooded hunter, seven years old last June, will stand this next season at Torthorold my plantation, about half way between Alexandria in Virginia, and George-town in Maryland, (the place he stood the two seasons past) and will cover mares on the same terms; at one guinea the leap, and five shillings to the groom, or two guineas the season, and ten shillings to the groom.

I think it needless to describe him, as he is so generally liked by all that have seen him, his colts have turned out so very fine, that several have been sold at one month old for one hundred dollars---if the weather is good, I will send him to Prince George's March court.

Those who send mares any distance, may depend on good pasture and great care, but I will not be answerable for any mares that may be lost. The money will be expected when the mares are taken away.

5 w JOHN CARLYLE.

N. B. I will sell my horse after this season if I am offered my price, and credit will be given for the money on giving bond, &c.

THE subscriber proposing to decline the store kept by him in this city for James Buchanan and co. and having on hand about £1600 prime cost of well assorted goods, (a very small part of which have been imported above three months) which he will lump off at first cost and charges, for cash, good bills of exchange, or tobacco.

Those persons who are indebted to James Buchanan and co. for dealings at the above store, are requested to make as speedy payment as possible. tf

ROBERT BUCHANAN. 10 X

LOST on Sunday night the 25th December, in the bay, between the Three Sisters and Kent point, a small sciff boat, about 18 feet long, rows very well, outsides and bottom painted white, the insides and seats painted white also; one of the forefeet has a small spot burnt on the upper part of it: the has five row-locks, four of which rows double on portion; had fastened to her stern an iron chain about 3 feet long, and a short piece of 1 ½ inch tow rope; it is supposed she drove ashore between Sharp and Lower island, the wind being N. W. at the time she broke away. Whoever takes up the said boat, and brings her to Mr. Richard Grafon on mouth of Wye river, or to Col. Edward Lloyd in Annapolis, or to me the subscriber, shall have 40 shillings reward.

BENJAMIN ROBERTS. 9

Baltimore, January 15, 1775.

IMPORTED in sundry ships from Bristol, a quantity of fine white salt; likewise 15 pipes of genuine port wine, in the brigantine Molly, from Oporto and Hull, to be sold on the most reasonable terms, by

J. STEVENSON. 6 X

N. B. Very good old Maderia and Lisbon wines to sell, by he pipe, hhd, or quarter cask.

Fell's point, January 3, 1775.

THE subscriber having removed from Annapolis, to Fell's point, near Baltimore town, takes this method of informing his former customers and the public in general, that he carries on the business of sailmaking in all its branches, as also the making of colours, on the most reasonable terms, and quickest dispatch; having furnished himself with sufficient workmen and a convenient loft for the business, at Captain M'Gachen's store, opposite to Mr. Nelson's on said point. All gentlemen who please to favour him with their custom, may depend on having their work done in the best manner, as he will make it his study to give general satisfaction to all his employers. 6 w

WILLIAM JOHNSON. 5

Annapolis, December 7, 1774.

TO be sold or rented, the lot and improvements thereon where Patrick Tonry lately lived in this city; consisting of a dwelling-house, brew-house, and other conveniencies, all adjoining to the water; in the brew-house there are a large copper-boiler and dial with a malt-kiln. For terms, apply to 10

JAMES DICK and STEWART, and ROBERT COUDEN.

GERARD HOPKINS,

CABINET-MAKER,

Hath for sale in Gay-street, near the Upper-bridge Baltimore town,

MAHOGANY boards and planks, sawed to suit every branch of cabinet and chair work, as also mahogany logs: he still continues carrying on the cabinet business in its various branches as usual. w 4

N. B. Wanted a journeyman cabinet-maker, none need apply, but a workman that will be steady to business. 6 X

Annapolis, January 13, 1775.

TO be sold by the subscriber, by wholesale, a parcel of valuable goods, consisting of various kinds, and amounting to near £300 sterling cost. Time of payment will be given to the purchaser if required. tf

SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD.

N. B. Also to be sold, old Lisbon wine and excellent sherry, by the quarter cask. 5

George-town, on Potowmack, December 27, 1774.

THE manufactory of snuff of various sorts is now carried on by me at this place, where I can furnish it either in wholesale or retail, at reasonable rates. I have also manufactured tobacco for sale, viz. shag and saffron, and shall shortly begin and continue to manufacture it in all the different forms, if I receive proper encouragement.

Orders from persons at a distance will be duly attended to, either by myself, or Mr. Joseph Birch; and I will give ready money, or snuff for empty snuff bottles delivered here. 3 m

RICHARD THOMPSON.

N. B. I will now say, and with some degree of confidence, that at present I have by me, (and shall continue to make) as good snuff as is manufactured on this continent. 6

FOR SALE;

THE following tracts of land, lying in Worcester county, in the province of Maryland, viz. Batchellor's Adventure, containing 338 acres; lying on a branch, known by the name of Johnson's Mill Branch. Addition, containing 210 acres, lying on Pocomoke river; they will be sold for sterling or current money. The title indisputable. For terms apply to tf

WILLIAM T. WOOTTON.

N. B. Time will be given for payment of the greatest part of the purchase money, if required. 4

Calvert county, January 30, 1775.

RAN away from the subscriber the 10th instant, a negro fellow named Jeffery, of a yellow complexion, has an impediment in his speech, aged about 20 years, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high: had on an osnabrig shirt, green Welsh cotton jacket and breeches, coarse English yarn stockings, country shoes shod with iron, he may change his dress having other cloaths. Whoever will bring the said negro to the subscriber near Hunting-town, in the aforesaid county, or secures him in any manner so that he can be had again, shall receive five pounds reward, and if taken 40 miles from home, twenty dollars, JOSEPH IRELAND.

N. B. All masters of vessels are hereby warned at their peril not to carry the said negro off. tf 4

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE GREEN and SON.